

多角観測データに基づく GCOM - C1/SGLI のための地上バイオマス推定アルゴリズムの開発  
DEVELOPMENT OF ABOVE GROUND BIOMASS ESTIMATION ALGORITHM FOR GCOM-C1/SGLI BASED ON MULTI-ANGLE OBSERVATION DATA

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Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA) will launch new Earth observation satellite GCOM-C1 in near future. GCOM-C1 will be equipped Second-generation Global Land Imager (SGLI) as core sensor. Since SGLI can observe nadir and off-nadir angle with along track direction simultaneously, it is expected to retrieve forest Above Ground Biomass (AGB) using bi-directional spectral data.

For the estimation of forest AGB, difference of bi-directional reflectance of each observation angle caused by forest canopy structure will be key information.

Authors have been developed basic AGB estimation algorithm for SGLI. This algorithm is based on the empirical model related to the relationship between reflectance shift on the Red-NIR plane for different viewing angle and AGB.

Since the algorithm requires the bi-directional reflectance on fixed observation geometry, we have also developed bi-directional reflectance simulator, BiRS, which employ not only sun-target-sensor geometry but also forest structure based on canopy structure model.

Keywords: Second Generation Global Imager (SGLI), Multi-angular observation, Forest canopy, Biomass Estimation