### Japan Geoscience Union Meeting 2014

(28 April - 02 May 2014 at Pacifico YOKOHAMA, Kanagawa, Japan)

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HCG38-P01 Room:Poster

Time: April 29 14:00-15:15

# Growth of Hydrobryum puncticulatum(Yakushimakawagoromo) may be blocked by the increase of Melosira varians in Isso River

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Hydrobryum puncticulatum (Yakushimakawagoromo), the national monument and endangered species are making their habitat only in Isso river of Yakushima. For the first time in our observation, the bloom of Melosira varians which is periphyton of diatom was observed to be covered over the H.puncticulatum from 2011. This impact for the H.puncticulatum is a serious concern. The purpose of this study is to clarify the cause of bloom of M.varians. We examined the annual variability of dissolved nutrient concentration which was most accessible to M.varians. As a result, there was no increase in concentration of NO<sub>3</sub>-N, SiO<sub>2</sub>-Si from 2009 to 2013. In addition, PO<sub>4</sub>-P was much lower concentration(0.003±0.001 mg/l). Therefore, we assumed that there was no relationship between the bloom of M.varians and dissolved nutrient concentration in Isso river. Meanwhile, the floating mud which was deposited in the bottom of the river has been continued during dry-spell. Tachibana et al (1986) reported that an algae can intake the suspended nutrient same as dissolved nutrient. It suggests that the M.varians and H.puncticulatum can take suspended nutrient.

Keywords: Hydrobryum puncticulatum, periphyton, Yakushima, nutrient

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HCG38-P02

Room:Poster

Time:April 29 14:00-15:15

#### Environmental response in bacteria to an applied magnetic field

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Metabolic changes in living cells under various magnetic fields should be considered in closed-ecology on planets.

Magnetic fields may induce multiple effects in biological systems, including change in DNA replication or RNA transcription and modification of ion and protein flow across membranes. In recent years, influences of various electromagnetic fields on cell and organisms have been investigated by many researchers. However, the detailed mechanisms in the effects of magnetic field on organisms are still controversial.

In this study, we had focused on influences of the magnetic field on environmental microbes. Some bacteria susceptible to the applied magnetic field were isolated from the soil. To investigate expression changes of intracellular proteins involved in regulating cell growth by the applied magnetic field, cellular proteins in the bacteria cultured under the applied magnetic field were analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.

Keywords: Magnetic field, Bacteria, Growth curve

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HCG38-P03

Room:Poster

Time: April 29 14:00-15:15

# Useful utilization in closed bio-ecosystems of *Nostoc* sp. HK-01 having the tolerance of gamma-ray

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Photosynthetic organisms contribute to the circulation of oxygen or carbon dioxide and utilization of foods as a induced organism in closed bio-ecosystems. A terrestrial cyanobacterium, *Nostoc* sp HK-01, having a high drought tolerance, photosynthetic organism, is one of candidate organisms that can be introduced into the closed environment. It has a possibility that HK-01 has also a high gamma-ray tolerance in according to the results from several reports related to the interaction of drought tolerance and gamma-ray tolerance. Here, we will show the several influences on the growth of HK-01 after the exposure of gamma-ray in the dry colony.

Keywords: closed bio-system, cyanobacteria, gamma-ray tolerance, Nostoc sp. HK-01, photosynthetic organism

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