

BPT26-04

会場:421

時間:5月2日 09:45-10:00

## 祖先的前口動物の形態形成遺伝子セットの復元 Reconstruction of the gene sets for the developmental signaling ligands in ancestral protostome animals

遠藤一佳<sup>1\*</sup>; スティアマルガ デフィン<sup>1</sup>; 清水 啓介<sup>1</sup>  
ENDO, Kazuyoshi<sup>1\*</sup>; SETIAMARGA, Davin<sup>1</sup>; SHIMIZU, Keisuke<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> 東大・理・地惑

<sup>1</sup>Dept. Earth and Planetary Sci., Tokyo Univ.

Recently, a draft genome sequence of the pearl oyster *Pinctada fucata* was reported, enabling to infer a possible evolutionary scenario of the gene sets that are important for body plan formation in protostomes including both lophotrochozoans and ecdysozoans. We report the results of phylogenetic character mapping carried out for the gene families that encode developmental signaling ligands (Fgf, Hedgehog, PDGF/VEGF, TGF-b, and Wnt families) to reconstruct possible copy numbers of signaling molecule-coding genes for hypothetical ancestral protostomes. Our reconstruction suggests that *P. fucata* retains the ancestral protostome gene complement, providing further justifications for the use of this taxon as a model organism for developmental genomics research.

キーワード: 古代ゲノム, 多細胞動物, 発生進化学, シグナル伝達遺伝子, カンブリア爆発, 冠輪動物

Keywords: paleogenomics, metazoan evolution, evo-devo, signaling ligand genes, Cambrian explosion, lophotrochozoans