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PEM07-P05

会場:コンベンションホール

時間:5月26日18:15-19:30

MAGDAS ネットワークによって観測された高速太陽風条件下での磁気赤道 Pc 5 の特徴

Characteristics of equatorial Pc 5 observed by the MAGDAS network under high-speed solar wind conditions

秋本 開成 1* ; 藤本 晶子 2 ; 吉川 顕正 1 ; 魚住 禎司 2 ; 阿部 修司 2 AKIMOTO, Kaisei 1* ; FUJIMOTO, Akiko 2 ; YOSHIKAWA, Akimasa 1 ; UOZUMI, Teiji 2 ; ABE, Shuji 2

While investigating auroral latitude Pc 5 pulsations, Baker et al. (2003) and Mathie and Mann et al. (2001) found that these pulsations have a good correlation with the solar wind flow speed. Also, Mathie and Mann et al. (2000) found that auroral latitude Pc 5 is related to relativistic electron flux variation in the radiation belt. There are many studies about the characteristics of auroral latitude Pc 5, while equatorial Pc 5 received little attention because there are fewer observation points in the equatorial region. So, we investigated the characteristics of equatorial Pc 5 under high-speed solar wind conditions by using the data from dip equator stations of the MAGDAS/CPMN network (Kyushu University) during 2005/01/01 ~2013/12/31. We found that electron flux enhancement is preceded by an intense activity of Pc 5 at the dayside equatorial MAGDAS stations during 2010/08/24~2010/08/27. Reeves et al. (2003) showed that different types of relativistic electron flux variation are observed after geomagnetic disturbances such as magnetic storm (i.e. not only increase type but also no-change type and decrease type). We statistically analyzed the dependence of equatorial Pc 5 pulsations on the relativistic electron flux variation.

キーワード: MAGDAS, 磁気赤道, Pc 5 Keywords: MAGDAS, dip equator, Pc 5

¹ 九州大学大学院 理学府 地球惑星科学専攻,2 九州大学 国際宇宙天気科学・教育センター

¹Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences Graduate school of Sciences Kyushu University, ²International Center for Space Weather Science and education