Ai-027 Room: IC Time: June 10 10:00-10:15

Pressure induced phase transformation in andradite

Nagayoshi Sata [1], Tadashi Kondo [2], Taihei Mukaide [3], Nobuyosi Miyajima [4], Takehiko Yagi [5], Takumi Kikegawa [6]

[1] ISSP, [2] Sci., Tohoku Univ., [3] Faculty of Science and Engineering, Chuo University, [4] ISSP, Univ. of Tokyo, [5] Inst. Solid State Phys, Univ. Tokyo, [6] IMSS, KEK

Andradite is a garnet which contains ferric iron and we have studied its behavior by high pressure and high temperature in situ X-ray study. The sample was formed into disk-shape and was compressed in Ar-pressure medium using diamond anvil cell and heated by Nd:YAG laser. After quenching to room temperature, high-pressure in situ X-ray diffraction measurements were carried out at the photon factory BL-13B2. At 19 GPa, andradite decomposed into two (or more) phases; a pressure-unquenchable cubic perovskite structure phase and a pressure-quenchable phase(s). At 25 and 37 GPa, most of the diffraction lines were explained by a cubic perovskite structure but there were someother unknown diffraction lines, which were also unquenchable on release of pressure.