Ai-P008 Room: Lounge Time: June 28 12:30-14:00

Locked Model of the Atotsugawa Fault Deduced from Cross-Fault GPS Observations

Kazuro Hirahara[1], Masataka Ando[2], Yoshinobu Hoso[3], Yasuo Wada[4]

[1] Earth and Planetary Sci., Nagoya Univ., [2] DPRI, Kyoto Univ., [3] RCEP, DPRI, Kyoto Univ., [4] Disa. Prev. Res. Inst., Kyoto Univ.

In addition to GEONET observations by GSI, our dense GPS array observations crossing the Atotsiugawa fault, central Japan, has revealed the displacement velocity filed around the Atotsugawa fault. The GPS stations located 25 km each apart from the fault are converging eats-westwards with a rate of 10 mm/yr. However, approaching the Atotsugawa fault, the station displacement velocoities relative to the sation one on the fault are decreasing. We propse a simple locked model of the Atotsugawa fault, where the Atotsugawa fault is almost locked down to a depth of 15 km and the east and west blocks are east-westwardly converging with a rate of 20 mm/yr.