

Tidal variation of seafloor hydrothermal activity detected by ZABUTON heat flow meter

Masataka Kinoshita[1], Keiko Tatekawa[2], Chao-Shing Lee[3], Jean-Claude Sibuet[4], Takeshi Matsumoto[5], Yoriko Yokoo[6], # Tetsuro Urabe[7]

[1] Sch. Mar. Sci. Tech., Tokai Univ., [2] Ocean Sci., Tokai Univ, [3] National Taiwan Ocean Univ., [4] IFREMER, [5] JAMSTEC, [6] AIST, GSJ, [7] Earth and Planetary Science,

Univ. of Tokyo,

A thermal-blanket heat flow meter (ZABUTON) was developed in order to monitor a time variation of heat flow at sediment-free hydrothermal areas. We carried out few-days-long observations at hydrothermal sites of southern EPR, southwestern Okinawa Trough and Suiyo-Seamount caldera. All data showed semi-diurnal temperature variations. They are related to the movement of hot fluid induced by tidal modulations. At Okinawa Trough site, the lower thermistor of ZABUTON showed a temperature variation of $\pm 1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$, suggesting larger temperature oscillation below sea floor.