## E0-015

## Room: C310

## Detection of the Magma Movements by Measuring Transient Streaming Potential

# Yukio Fujinawa[1], Takumi Matsumoto[2], Kohzo Takahashi[3], Hiroshi Iitaka[4], Naoko Kasai[5], Hiroshi Nakano[6], Takuya Doi[5], Sojun Sato[5], Toshiyuki Saito[7]

[1] NIED, [2] Earthquake Research Center, NIED, [3] None, [4] Energy Tech. Div., ETL, [5] ETL, [6] Electrotechnical Lab., AIST, [7] LERC, ETL, AIST

Electric potential variations have been observed since April 1999 at the Miyake Island, a volcanic island in Japan. The measurements have been conducted by a special long vertical antenna and by a short dipole.

At the time and some half a day before of the largest eruption on 18 August 2000 anomalous electric field changes were detected on the whole frequency bands of dc, ULF and ELF/VLF. Longer period fluctuations of period about a few hours were also seen before about a day of each stage of the volcanic event. Those longer signals were generally superimposed by the ULF signals, suggesting that there are a strong confined water pressure fluctuation in the process of interactions between hydrothermal circulations and intruded magma through electro-kinetic effect