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Inhomogeneous Structure in and around the Focal Area of 2000 Western Tottori Earthquake by Seismic Array Observations

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After the occurrence of 2000 Western Tottori earthquake, we deployed four small apature arrays in its focal area to investigate inhomogeneous structure of the crust. Distinct later phases about 0.5-1.5 seconds after direct P-wave arrivals were detected in vertical component seismograms at two northern arrays from aftershocks in the northern part of the focal area. Slowness vectors estimated from semblance analyses suggest that the phases are P-P or S-P scattered waves caused by inhomogenous structures near the northern part of the focal area. Reflected S-waves perhaps from the Moho were also detected at the two southern arrays.