

P and S wave velocities of granulites from Napier Complex: Crustal structure and tectonics of Pan-African belt, East Antarctica

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Linking laboratory measurement of rock velocity with seismic velocity profile is a key to understand structure and evolution of continental crusts, but little study has been done for the Pan-African orogenic in the East Antarctica. Here we report P-wave (V_p) and S-wave velocities (V_s) of granulites from East Antarctica measured at high P-T. We combine the seismic data with geology and present a new crustal model for the East Antarctica.

We measured V_p and V_s in ultra-high temperature granulites (UHT) up to 1.0 GPa from 25C to 400C with a piston-cylinder-type high-pressure apparatus with 34 mm bore hole. Rocks measured are meta-igneous UHT rocks collected from Mount Riiser-Larsen, Amundsen Bay, Napier Complex. Core rock samples with 14mm in diameter and 12mm long were subjected to high-pressure measurements. The V_p values obtained at 1.0 GPa and 400C are 7.17 km/s for the meta-pyroxenite, 6.93 km/s, 6.88 km/s for the mafic granulites and 6.17 km/s for the orthopyroxene felsic gneiss. The V_s values of the mafic granulite measured at the same condition are 3.81 km/s. The V_p value measured for the Napier mafic granulite are comparable to those of JARE 21 data.

Combining the present data with geological data reported from the Napier Complex and Lutzow-Holm Complex) in the East Antarctica, we proposed that the East Gondwanaland (Archean Napier Complex) lies under the Pan-African orogenic belt (550-530 Ma Lutzow-Holm Complex) in the East Antarctica. We further propose a new model for late Proterozoic to early Phanerozoic East Antarctica continent. It is inferred that the East Gondwanaland subducted westward and the West Gondwanaland descended eastward under the Pan-African belt. The coalescence of both East- and West Gondwanaland, the formation of Gondwana super-continent, is interpreted as a collision tectonics along with symmetrical subductions where late Proterozoic island arcs and ophiolites were put between East Gondwanaland and West Gondwanaland.