

## Can Newtonian viscose model apply to plastic deformation?

# Nozomi Kimura[1], toshiaki masuda[2]

[1] Institute of Geosciences at Shizuoka University, [2] Inst. Geosci., Shizuoka Univ.

We verified whether a Newtonian viscose model simulates plastic deformation or not using microboudinaged structures.

The theoretically probability density function  $G(r, \text{pusi})$  is derived (1).

Where  $m$  is the Weibull modulus,  $r$  is the aspect ratio of boudinaged grains,  $\text{pusi}$  is the stress parameter,  $\sigma_0$  is the far-field differential stress,  $Z_i$  is the thickness of unit cell,  $Z_c$  is the thickness of boudinaged grains, and  $S^*$  is the modal fracture strength of boudinaged grains. As a result, the application was unsuccessful, because the correlation between measured and theoretical proportions of boudinaged grains was poor.

This fact indicates that the viscose model is not applicable to the stress-state of the microboudinage.

$$G(r, \psi) = 1 - \exp \left[ - \frac{m-1}{m} \psi^m r^{2m+1} \right]$$

$$\psi = \frac{3 Z_c \sigma_0}{2 Z_c S^*}$$