

Structural studies of FeAlO₃ at high pressure and temperature

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It is known that aluminum content in MgSiO₃ perovskite greatly affects its bulk modulus. According to Gramsch & Prewitt (2002), both a garnet phase and a perovskite phase of FeAlO₃ are stabilized at high pressure and temperature. The existence of FeAlO₃-perovskite suggests that the system of MgSiO₃-FeAlO₃ is possibly important at lower mantle conditions. Although they reported lattice parameters of both phases at high pressure, details seem to be still controversial.

We synthesized FeAlO₃ with a defect spinel structure as a starting material. High pressure and high temperature experiments were performed at several pressure-temperature conditions up to 50 GPa and 2000C by using a diamond anvil cell and a laser heating technique with a Nd-YAG laser. After those experiments, we performed synchrotron x-ray diffraction experiments at BL13A in PF.

Below about 1200C at all pressure range in this study, FeAlO₃ was dissociated into Al-bearing hematite and Fe-bearing corundum. Above 25GPa and higher temperatures than about 1500C, we obtained FeAlO₃-perovskite. The FeAlO₃-perovskite could be indexed as orthorhombic and the perovskite structure was preserved in decompression process to atmospheric pressure. The cell parameters were $a=4.930(38)\text{\AA}$, $b=5.026(24)\text{\AA}$, $c=7.156(29)\text{\AA}$, $V=177.3(29)\text{\AA}^3$ at an ambient condition. We also obtained the bulk modulus of $K_0=214(7)\text{GPa}$ with $K''=4$ being fixed.

We could observe a garnet phase of FeAlO₃ only in single experiment performed at about 18GPa and 1300C (tetragonal, $a=11.52(17)\text{\AA}$, $c=11.29(14)\text{\AA}$ at 18GPa and a room temperature). This suggests the possibility of either a narrow stability field or a metastable phase of FeAlO₃-garnet. At higher temperature than about 1500C below about 25 GPa, FeAlO₃ was dissociated into Al-bearing magnetite (or its high pressure phase with CaMn₂O₄ structure) and Fe-bearing corundum.