Ages of remarkable tephra layers in peaty sediment of 10 meter core at Ikejirigawa low-land, west of Lake Nojiri

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Japan has many active volcanoes and they have erupted large amount of tephras during the last several hundred thousand years. These tephras play very important role in reconstructing paleoenvironmental histories. The purpose of this study is to clarify accurate age of remarkable tephras found around Lake Nojiri.

Based on Carbon 14 dating results, ages of remarkable tephras are estimated as follows: K-Akahoya: 7,220yrBP, Kibidango: 12,620yrBP, Ajishio: 16,620yrBP, AT: 23,950, Kikuro I: 33,412yrBP, Akasuko: 35,851yrBP.