

## New tephra identification method using detailed comparison of major elements characterization of glass inclusion

# Akira Furusawa[1]

[1] FURUSAWA Geo. Sur.

<http://www.tephra.co.jp>

Tephra identification method using detailed comparison of major elements characterization of glass inclusion hosted by plagioclase has not been tried.

Mineral composition and refractive indices of hornblende and orthopyroxene partly overlap between DNP, DSP and DKP, which makes difficult to do tephra correlation. The major elements characterization of volcanic glass not have been understood due to weathering. These reason makes more difficult to do identification of these tephra. About tephra which have problem in identification due to weathering, I examined that glass inclusion hosted by plagioclase would be effective in identification.

At the foot of provenance volcano, major elements of the middle to lower part of DNP and DSP differed in the content of of SiO<sub>2</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, FeO, CaO, and K<sub>2</sub>O from

the upper part of these tephra. On the other hand, the major elements of DKP does not change in horizons. The major elements of glass inclusion of DKP distributed Oda-cho Fukui Pref. corresponded these of DKP distributed the Takano formation Nagano Pref.. Moreover, these characteristics corresponded the major element of glass inclusion of DKP tephra distributed at the foot of provenance volcano and differs from DSP. Therefore, DKP of the Takano formation can be correlated with DKP at the foot Mt. Daisen.

If using this study method that is tephra identification method using detailed comparison of major elements characterization of glass inclusion hosted by plagioclase, DNP, DSP, and DKP are discriminated each other.