

Heterogeneous structure in and around the source region of the 2007 Niigataken-Chuetsu-oki Earthquake by onshore-offshore survey

Eiji Kurashimo[1]; Takaya Iwasaki[2]; Kazuo Nakahigashi[3]; Masanao Shinohara[1]; Takashi Iidaka[4]; Toshihiro Igarashi[1]; Aitaro Kato[1]; Tomoaki Yamada[4]; Toshihiko Kanazawa[5]; Hiroshi Sato[1]; Tetsuo Takanami[6]; Ryo Miura[7]; Yuya Machida[8]; Yoshihiro Ito[9]; Ryota Hino[9]; Kenji Uehira[10]; Koichiro Obana[11]; Narumi Takahashi[11]; Tetsuo No[11]; Yoshiyuki Kaneda[12]

[1] ERI, Univ. Tokyo; [2] ERI, Tokyo Univ.; [3] ERI; [4] ERI, Univ. of Tokyo; [5] ERI, Tokyo Univ; [6] ISV, Hokkaido Univ; [7] ISV, Hokkaido Univ.; [8] ISV; [9] RCPEV, Graduate School of Sci., Tohoku Univ.; [10] SEVO, Kyushu Univ.; [11] IFREE, JAMSTEC; [12] JAMSTEC,IFREE,DONET

To obtain the heterogeneous seismic crustal structure in and around the source region of the 2007 Niigataken-Chuetsu-oki Earthquake, onshore-offshore seismic experiment was conducted across the source region. Along the offshore part of the seismic profile (100 km long), 18 ocean-bottom seismographs (OBSs) were deployed. For the wide-angle seismic profile, an air-gun array (12,000 cubic inch) was fired by JAMSTEC's R/V Kaire. 202 land stations were deployed with about 300 m spacing along the onshore part of the profile. Two explosive sources were shots at the western end (SP-W) and eastern end (SP-E) of the onshore profile. Charge sizes of the shots were 100 kg at SP-W and 300 kg at SP-E. Each seismograph system consisted of a 4.5 Hz, vertical component seismometer and a single channel data recorder. The recorder has 24-bit analogue-to-digital converter and recorded data at 500 Hz sampling rate. We obtained high signal-to-noise ratio data along the entire length of the profile. P-wave velocity structure derived by refraction method shows that the top of the 5.8 km/s layer is located at a depth of about 6 km beneath the coastline. The seismic reflection method was applied to these data to obtain a detailed and clear image of deeper structure. The stacked image shows several features of the deeper part of the crust including the eastward dipping reflector at 7-8 sec in two way travel time beneath the Niigata Basin.