L135-005 Room: Function Room A Time: May 20 10:00-10:15

## Changes in marine environment around the Okinawa Islands during the Bond Cycle 4

# Nagisa Yamamoto[1]; Akihisa Kitamura[2]; Tomohisa Irino[3]

[1] Institute of Geosciences, Shizuoka Uni; [2] Insti, Geo, Shizuoka Univ; [3] EES, Hokkaido Univ.

The micro-bivalve *Carditella iejimensis* is less than 3.5 mm in shell height and lives in the surface sediment within a submarine cave at Ie Island, Okinawa Islands, Japan. The temperature reconstructed from oxygen isotope ratios of  $\{C.\ iejimensis\ shells\ may\ indicate\ the\ water temperature\ at\ 30m\ depth\ between\ May\ and\ July\ of\ each\ year.$  In order to reconstruct paleotemperature for more long period, we analyzed oxygen isotope ratios of  $\{C.\ iejimensis\ obtained\ from\ cored\ sediments\ preserved\ the\ records\ during\ the\ last\ 7,000\ years\ with\ Finnigan\ MAT\ 251\ mass\ spectrometer\ at\ Hokkaido\ University.$