## Room: IC

## Low frequency earthquakes near western margin of the Ryukyu trench axis

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Seismograms from BATS (Broadband Network in Taiwan) and F-Net (NIED broadband network in Japan) were analyzed to find low frequency earthquakes (LFEs) along the Ryukyu trench. All seismograms in the year of 2007 were band-path-filtered (0.02-0.05 Hz) to pick-up LFEs. Several clusters of LFEs were found near 1) the westernmost islands of Yonaguni, Ishigaki, Miyako and 2) Okinawa. In this study LEFs in the former areas are focused. First, high signal-to-noise-level events were selected out the broadband seismograms. Then, local and teleseismic earthquakes were removed from these events using the hypocenter catalogs of the PDE, the Central Weather Bureau (CWB) and the Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA). Moreover, these events were identified as LFEs in 2007. Spectra of three typical events show peak frequencies between 0.1 to 0.05 Hz. The CMT solutions were obtained for the LFEs using the inversion technique by Nakano and Kumagai (2008). LFEs were determined by a grid-search finding a minimum residual within an area of latitude range 5 degrees and longitude range 2 degrees and a depth range 0 to 100 km. The best-fit model is a revise fault located east of Miyako Island near the trench axis. The distribution of location and depth suggests that LEFs occurred in the accretionary prism along the Ryukyu trench similar to those found off Central Honshu.