

PEM021-P07

会場:コンベンションホール

時間: 5月24日17:15-18:45

GEMSIS-Magnetosphere:内部磁気圏高エネルギー粒子環境変動の実証型 モデリング

GEMSIS-Magnetosphere: Observation-based modeling of high-energy particle variation in the inner magnetosphere

関 華奈子^{1*}, 三好 由純¹, 齊藤 慎司¹, 宮下 幸長¹, 天野 孝伸², 松本 洋介¹, 梅田 隆行¹, 海老原 祐輔³

Kanako Seki^{1*}, Yoshizumi Miyoshi¹, Shinji Saito¹, Yukinaga Miyashita¹, Takanobu Amano², Yosuke Matsumoto¹, Takayuki Umeda¹, Yusuke Ebihara³

¹名古屋大学太陽地球環境研究所,²名古屋大学理学研究科,³名古屋大学高等研究院

¹STEL, Nagoya University, ²Dept. Physics, Nagoya University, ³IAR, Nagoya University

GEMSIS (Geospace Environment Modeling System for Integrated Studies) of STEL, Nagoya University, is the modeling project for understanding energy and mass transportation from the Sun to the Earth in the geospace environment. In order to understand the geospace environments, we develop physics-based models as well as empirical models using in-situ satellite measurements and global ground-based measurements. Comparisons between models and observational results are essential to improve the models and to eventually understand the dynamics of the geospace. Geospace storms are the largest electromagnetic disturbance in near-Earth space and facilitate extensive particle acceleration in the inner magnetosphere, which causes development of the ring current and a drastic increase of relativistic electrons in the radiation belt. Aiming at understanding the dynamics of the inner magnetosphere during the geospace storms, the GEMSIS -Magnetosphere working team has addressed the development of new physics-based models for the global dynamics of the ring current (GEMSIS-RC model) and radiation belt (GEMSIS-RB model). We are also developing a high-resolution global MHD simulation code, which enables us to study MHD turbulence in the solar wind-magnetosphere interaction. Integrated data analysis studies on such as topics as supply mechanisms of ring current ions and relativistic electron accelerations are also conducted using various types of geospace observations from space and from the ground. Some results are applied to studying the forecasting of radiation belt variation. Other ongoing research includes concept design for an integrated data analysis tool and a related database for effective research with various types of data, including those obtained from satellite observations, ground-based observations, and numerical simulations/models.

キーワード:ジオスペース,内部磁気圏,磁気嵐,リングカレント,放射線帯,プラズマ

Keywords: geospace, inner magnetosphere, magnetic storm, ring current, radiation belt, plasma