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Investigation of the mechanism of dissolution enhancement by using CO₂ microbubbles in geological sequestration

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CO₂microbubble injection is a novel technology for CO₂geological sequestration. Currently most of CO₂geological sequestration projects are focused on large-scale emission sources, while there is a practical need to inject CO₂from small- to middle- scale emission sources. CO₂microbubble injection is suitable for storing CO₂in aquifers with non-anticline (monotonic) structure in a low-cost concept. Inlaboratory experiments, CO₂microbubbles were generated by injecting CO₂through micro porous filtersand the behaviors of CO₂microbubbles were recorded by a high speed video camera system. Our results suggest that more microbubbles generated by filters with smaller pore and CO₂dissolution enhanced byCO₂microbubbles. We are working on quantifying the CO₂ microbubbles size and the volume of dissolved CO₂.

Keywords: CO₂ geological sequestration, microbubble, dissolution