

MGI017-P01

会場:コンベンションホール

時間: 5月27日17:15-18:45

## プラズマ圏モデリングへのデータ同化技術の応用

### Application of data assimilation technique for the modeling of the plasmasphere using EUV imaging data

中野 慎也<sup>1\*</sup>, Mei-Ching Fok<sup>2</sup>, Pontus C:son Brandt<sup>3</sup>, 樋口 知之<sup>1</sup>

Shin'ya Nakano<sup>1\*</sup>, Mei-Ching Fok<sup>2</sup>, Pontus C:son Brandt<sup>3</sup>, Tomoyuki Higuchi<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>統計数理研究所, <sup>2</sup>NASA/GSFC, <sup>3</sup>JHU/APL

<sup>1</sup>The Institute of Statistical Mathematics, <sup>2</sup>NASA Goddard Space Flight Center,  
<sup>3</sup>Johns Hopkins Univ. Applied Phys. Lab.

Extreme ultra-violet (EUV) imaging data have provided a variety of insights about the morphology and structure of the plasmasphere. In order to obtain further knowledge on the plasmasphere from EUV imaging data, we are developing a data assimilation method which offer a tool for understanding the temporal evolution and dynamics of the plasmasphere. In our method, the magnetospheric electric potential distribution is treated to be unknown, and estimated through the data assimilation. The plasmasphere ion distribution is estimated according to the estimated electric potential and the plasmasphere simulation model. We describe technical concepts of our method and demonstrate the current status.

キーワード:プラズマ圏,データ同化,逆問題

Keywords: plasmasphere, data assimilation, numerical inversion