

SMP055-P09

会場:コンベンションホール

時間: 5月23日17:15-18:45

メノウとフリントによる石英の普通粒成長実験とその領家帯メタチャー トへの適用

An experimental study of the normal grain growth of quartz in agate and flint and its implication to natural examples

井元 恒¹, 植田 直彦¹, 道林 克禎^{1*}

Hisashi Imoto¹, Naohiko Ueta¹, Katsuyoshi Michibayashi^{1*}

静岡大学理学部地球科学教室

¹Inst. Geosciences, Shizuoka Univ.

Annealing experiments on agate and flint were performed to investigate normal grain growth of quartz in both alpha and beta regions. The experiments were conducted using a piston-cylinder apparatus (MK65S) in Shizuoka University at 700 to 800 degree C and 0.5 to 1.0 GPa for 0 to 66 hours. Average grain size of quartz in both materials increased from a few to a few tens of microns with time. However, the grain growth rate of quartz was faster in flint than in agate. We determined activation energies of the normal grain growth for both alpha and beta quartz regions in agate, which were distinctly larger than previous studies. We applied our results to metacherts in Ryoke metamorphic belt and found that estimated grain growth rate for quartz in the metacherts was quite compatible with those determined in agate.

キーワード:石英,粒成長,高温高圧実験,領家変成帯,メタチャート

Keywords: quartz, grain growth, anealing experiment, Ryoke metamorphic belt, metachert