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## MAX-DOAS 法による 8 成分導出手法の開発 Eight-component retrievals from ground-based MAX-DOAS observations

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We attempt for the first time to retrieve lower-tropospheric vertical profile information for 8 quantities from ground-based Multi-Axis Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy (MAX-DOAS) observations. The components retrieved are the aerosol extinction coefficients at two wavelengths, 357 and 476 nm, and NO<sub>2</sub>, HCHO, CHOCHO, H<sub>2</sub>O, SO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>3</sub> volume mixing ratios. A Japanese MAX-DOAS profile retrieval algorithm, version 1 (JM1), is applied to observations performed at Cabauw, the Netherlands (51.97N, 4.93E), in June-July 2009 during the Cabauw Intercomparison campaign of Nitrogen Dioxide measuring Instruments (CINDI). Of the retrieved profiles, we focus here on the lowest-layer data (mean values at altitudes 0-1 km), where the sensitivity is usually highest owing to the longest light path. In support of the capability of the multi-component retrievals, we find reasonable overall agreement with independent data sets, including a regional chemical transport model (CHIMERE) and in situ observations performed at the 3- and 200-m height levels of the tall tower in Cabauw. Plumes of enhanced HCHO and SO<sub>2</sub> were likely affected by biogenic and ship emissions, respectively, and an improvement in their emission strengths is suggested for better agreement between CHIMERE simulations and MAX-DOAS observations. Analysis of air mass factors indicates that the horizontal spatial representativeness of MAX-DOAS observations is about 3-15 km (depending mainly on aerosol extinction), comparable to or better than the spatial resolution of current UV-visible satellite observations and model calculations. These demonstrate that MAX-DOAS provides multi-component data sets having different spatial resolutions and model calculations.

キーワード: MAX-DOAS, リトリーバル, 多成分, エアロゾル, オゾン Keywords: MAX-DOAS, retrieval, multi-component, aerosol, ozone