

BPO003-08

会場:201B

時間:5月26日10:15-10:30

有孔虫に付加した炭酸塩の除去とその同位体組成への影響 Effects of carbonate leaching on foraminifer stable isotopes ratios

Obrochta Stephen^{1*}, 坂井 三郎², 石村 豊穂³, 横山 祐典¹, 鈴木 淳³ Stephen Obrochta^{1*}, Saburo Sakai², Toyoho Ishimura³, Yusuke Yokoyama¹, Atsushi Suzuki³

¹ 東京大学・大気海洋研究所,² 海洋研究開発機構・IFREE,³ 産総研・地質情報研究部門 ¹AORI, the Univ. Tokyo, ²IFREE, JAMSTEC, ³GSJ, AIST

Stable carbon and oxygen isotope ratios were measured on 125 individual epifaunal and infaunal benthic foraminifers from two discrete intervals in a shallow-water sediment core (\sim 450 m) from the Timor Sea. Methane seeps are common in the area, likely resulting in significant precipitation of secondary calcite, the effects of which were assessed by subjecting foraminifers to varying degrees of pretreatment. All foraminifers received standard cleaning with ethanol and brief sonication. A subset were further cleaned and sonicated in a dilute HCl solution (\sim 0.003 M). Foraminifer tests were photographed using both reflected light and scanning electron microscopes during the course of treatment to monitor the changing degree of secondary calcite contamination as increasingly aggressive cleaning methods were employed. While foraminifers subjected to treatment with HCl exhibit a lower relative standard deviation, the variance remains high relative to expected results. Therefore, a similar experiment is being conducted on living individuals (stained with Rose Bengal) taken from a nearby multicore with complementary isotope ratios of overlying seawater, porewater, and DIC.

キーワード: 有孔虫, クリーニング, 安定同位体 Keywords: stable isotopes ratios, foraminifera, carbonate leaching