

MIS026-06

会場:201B

時間:5月24日09:45-10:00

中間圏発光現象に伴う電離層擾乱:実測値との比較 Ionosperic disturbances associated with TLEs:Modeling and observations

岩本 真彦^{1*}, 芳原 容英¹, 太田 健次², 大津山 卓哉³, 早川 正士¹ Masahiko Iwamoto^{1*}, Yasuhide Hobara¹, Kenji Ohta², Takuya Otsuyama³, Masashi Hayakawa¹

1 電気通信大学, 2 中部大学, 3 電子航法研究所

¹The Univ. of Electro-Comms., Japan., ²Chubu Univ., Japan., ³ENRI., Japan.

This paper reports on the direct comparison between experimental and numerical results of the ionospheric disturbances associated with red sprites in the mesosphere. The ionospheric disturbances due to the sprite ionization column are observed by a continuous monitoring of the amplitude and phase of distant VLF transmitter signals at several locations in Japan, whilst the numerical computation to calculate the spatio-temporal dependence of the observed VLF waves is performed by using a two-dimensional finite-difference time-domain (FDTD) method. As a result, the observed maximum scattered amplitude and phase changes are in close agreement with the numerical results for both carrot and column sprites. The distance variation of the scattered amplitude from the numerical simulation is found to strongly depend on the spatial dimension of the sprite ionization column (practically the nearest sprite ionization column to the transmitter) due to the different scattering mechanisms. The forward scattering amplitude is significantly larger than that for back scattering for the carrot sprite indicating the nature of Mie scattering, while the amplitude of both backward and forward scatterings are comparable for a column sprite showing the nature of Rayleigh scattering.

Keywords: TLE, VLF, Ionospheric disturbances