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PEM030-P20

会場:コンベンションホール

時間:5月26日 10:30-13:00

## 電離圏ポテンシャルソルバーの開発 : GEMISIS-POT Development of a 2-D ionospheric global potential solver: GEMISIS-POT

中溝 葵<sup>1\*</sup>, 平木 康隆<sup>2</sup>, 海老原 祐輔<sup>3</sup>, 家田 章正<sup>1</sup>, 堀 智昭<sup>1</sup>, 菊池 崇<sup>1</sup>, 関 華奈子<sup>1</sup>, 三好 由純<sup>1</sup>

Aoi Nakamizo<sup>1\*</sup>, Yasutaka Hiraki<sup>2</sup>, Yusuke Ebihara<sup>3</sup>, Akimasa Ieda<sup>1</sup>, Tomoaki Hori<sup>1</sup>, Takashi Kikuchi<sup>1</sup>, Kanako Seki<sup>1</sup>, Yoshizumi Miyoshi<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> 名古屋大学太陽地球環境研究所, <sup>2</sup> 核融合科学研究所, <sup>3</sup> 京都大学生存圏研究所

<sup>1</sup>STEL, <sup>2</sup>NIFS, <sup>3</sup>RISH

As part of the GEMISIS project, we have developed a two-dimensional ionospheric global potential solver. There has been considerable research on the mid-and low-latitude ionospheric system driven by neutral wind [e.g., Richmond, 1973]. However, there are few researches on the relationship between the high-latitude system and mid-and low-latitude system, which is important for the integrated studies of the magnetosphere-inner magnetosphere system coupled through the ionosphere.

Our model basically follows a methodology provided by Tsunomura [1999]; it solves the Ohm's law under the thin-shell approximated 2-D ionosphere, with FACs in the polar region and height-integrated ionospheric conductivities. The most important extension from previous studies is that our model covers both hemispheres without a boundary at the equator. The values of Pedersen and Hall conductivities are calculated as exactly as possible with the MSIS-2000, IRI-2007, and IGRF-2005 reference models. In addition, we consider the effect of auroral particle precipitation on conductivities with the Hardy model.

In this talk, we report the progress of our model toward the practical studies of Magnetosphere-Ionosphere coupling system during storms and substorms. We will discuss the effect of the equatorial conductivity on the pole-to-pole distribution of the electric potential.