

PEM031-10

会場:103

## 時間:5月26日11:00-11:15

## オーロラ微細構造の高速撮像 High-speed imaging of auroral microstructures

片岡 龍峰<sup>1\*</sup>, 三好由純<sup>2</sup>, 塩川和夫<sup>2</sup>, 海老原祐輔<sup>3</sup>, 八重樫あゆみ<sup>3</sup>, 西山尚典<sup>4</sup>, 坂野井健<sup>4</sup> Ryuho Kataoka<sup>1\*</sup>, Yoshizumi Miyoshi<sup>2</sup>, Kazuo Shiokawa<sup>2</sup>, Yusuke Ebihara<sup>3</sup>, Ayumi Yaegashi<sup>3</sup>, Takanori Nishiyama<sup>4</sup>, Takeshi Sakanoi<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> 東京工業大学, <sup>2</sup> 名古屋大学, <sup>3</sup> 京都大学, <sup>4</sup> 東北大学 <sup>1</sup>Tokyo Tech, <sup>2</sup>Univ Nagoya, <sup>3</sup>Kyoto Univ, <sup>4</sup>Tohoku Univ

We have been conducting high-speed (100 Hz) imaging observations of auroral microstructures since January 2010 at Poker Flat Research Range (PFRR), Alaska. For example, from the observations in the last winter season, we showed evidence that auroral folds were periodically formed in a breakup arc and the luminosity is exponentially increased for about 10 sec before an auroral breakup onset. The evolution of turbulent microstructures and the formation of folds may be interpreted by the nonlinear evolution of inertial Alfven wave (IAW) turbulence in the thin current sheet. In this presentation we report the development and initial results of a new optical instrument system installed at PFRR since November 2010. Using a Hamamatsu EMCCD camera, we are conducting 180 Hz and 250 Hz imaging of the breakup aurora for the first time to search unexpectedly fast auroral phenomena, and to understand the electron acceleration mechanisms associated with dispersive Alfven waves in collaborations with Tohoku University and University of Alaska, Fairbanks. We use a telephoto lens of 300mm/F2.8 to resolve the finest scale of aurora with attaching a BG3 filter to see only the prompt emissions from molecular nitrogen.