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Comparison of CO2 vertical profiles measured by balloon-borne instrument measurements with aircraft measurements

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The atmospheric CO2 concentration has drastically increased since the Industrial Revolution due to the mass consumption of fossil fuels and natural gas by human activities. CO2 is considered to be a major factor of global warming; therefore it is very important to measure CO2 correctly. Current CO2 monitoring sites are limited and there are not many CO2 vertical profile measurements.

We are developing balloon-borne instruments which can measure the vertical distribution of CO2 in any place in the world under any kind of weather conditions. The objective is to contribute to raise the precision of climate change prediction by utilizing the balloon-borne instruments all over the world like ozone sonde instruments.

We will present comparisons of balloon-borne instrument results and aircraft measurement results in order to validate the balloon-borne instruments precision.

We used two types of aircraft data for the comparison analyses, one is CONTRAIL(Comprehensive Observation Network for Trace gases by AIrLiner) data of passenger aircraft CO2 measurements and the other is the data obtained by aircraft measurements performed by JAXA and NIES for validation of the GOSAT satellite.

Firstly, we compared the data obtained on 7 January 2011 using the balloon-borne instruments at three sites (Isezaki, Ichihara, and Shirako) with the CONTAIL data.Secondly, we compared two data obtained on 31 January and on 3 February 2011 using the balloon-borne instruments at Moriya with the JAXA/NIES aircraft measurements at Tsukuba.

Keywords: carbon dioxide, balloon-borne measurement, aircraft