Japan Geoscience Union Meeting 2012

(May 20-25 2012 at Makuhari, Chiba, Japan)

©2012. Japan Geoscience Union. All Rights Reserved.



Room:102A



Time:May 25 10:45-11:00

High speed imaging systems at Hida observatory for the research of high energy particles in solar flares

ICHIMOTO, Kiyoshi^{1*}, Takako, T. Ishii¹, Tomoko Kawate¹, Yoshikazu Nakatani¹, Shin'Ichi Nagata¹, Yusuke Yoshinaga¹, Satoshi Morita¹, Ayumi Asai¹, Satoshi Masuda², Kanya Kusano², Tetsuya Yamamoto², Takashi Minoshima³, Kyoko Watanabe⁴, Takaaki Yokoyama⁵

¹Kwasan and Hida Observatory, Kyoto University, ²Solar-Terrestorial Environment Laboratory, Nagoya University, ³Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology (JAMSTEC), ⁴Institute of Space and Astronautical Science, ⁵University of Tokyo

A new imaging system for observing solar flares was installed on the Solar Magnetic Activity Research Telescope (SMART) at the Hida observatory of Kyoto University with a support of the joint research program of the Solar-Terrestorial Environment Laboratory of Nagoya University. The aim of the system is to diagnose the non-thermal particles, their acceleration site and the trigger of solar flares by capturing rapid temporal and spatial evolution of flare kernels observed in the solar chromosphere and photosphere at the onset of flares. The system simultaneously takes H? and continuum images covering a field of view of 344 arcsec x 258 arcsec at a rate of 25 frames/sec. The first-light images were taken in August 2011 and two white light flares were successfully observed on 6 and 7 September. We report the performance of the new observing system, its initial results and our plan for conducting the research on particle acceleration and the trigger mechanism of solar flares.

Keywords: sun, flare, particle acceleration, imaging observation