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極域から磁気赤道域にかけて形成される Cowling チャンネル Formation of Cowling channel from Polar to Equatorial Ionosphere

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Possible mechanism for formation of global Cowling channel from polar to equatorial ionosphere along the dawn and dusk terminator line is discussed. In our model, the global (primary) Hall current accompanied by the two-cell type convection has divergent component when they across the conductivity gradient region at the terminator-line and resultant polarization charge are induced along it. The secondary electric field accompanied by this induced charge generates the secondary Hall current, which flows along the terminator line and also diverges when they across it. The induced secondary charges at the end of equator side produces the electric field along the magnetic dip equator line and becomes the driver of the equatorial electrojet or counter-electrojet components according to the sign of their polarization charge. Resultantly, the global Cowling channel connecting between polar to equatorial ionosphere via the terminator-line and magnetic-dip equator could be formed. This mechanism can be applied to the equatorial electrojet disturbances accompanied by the solar wind variations such as DP2-type magnetic field disturbances.

キーワード: 太陽風, 極域電離圏, 赤道電離圏, カウリングチャンネル, グローバル結合 Keywords: solar wind, poloar ionosphere, equatorial ionosphere, Cowling channel, Global coupling