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Development of an anelastic convection model in rotating spherical shells for stars, gas and icy giant planets.

SASAKI, Youhei^{1*}, TAKEHIRO, Shin-ichi², NAKAJIMA, Kensuke³, KURAMOTO, Kiyoshi⁴, HAYASHI, Yoshi-Yuki⁵

¹Dept. Math., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, Japan, ²RIMS, Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, Japan, ³Dept. Earth Planet. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, Japan, ⁴Dept. Cosmoscience, Hokkaido Univ., Sapporo, Japan, ⁵CPS/Dept. Earth Planet. Sci., Kobe Univ., Kobe, Japan

The problem of convection in rotating spherical shells has been studied vigorously as a fundamental model of global convection presumably emerging in celestial bodies, such as stars, gas and icy giant planets, and terrestrial planetary interiors. Recently, according to development of numerical computational abilities, fundamental aspects and characteristics of convection has been revealed and knowledge about this issue is increased under the assumption of Boussinesq approximation, which ignores compressibility of the fluid. However, characteristics of compressible convection in rotating spherical shells has not been understood yet compared with Boussinesq convection, although some studies performed so far use the anelastic approximation in order to deal with compressibility. Compressibility is an important element for discussing deep convection of stars and gas and icy planets, since thickness of their convection layers is several times larger than the scale height. Not only for these celestial bodies but also for extra-solar gas giant planets, which have been discovered with recent sophisticated technologies of astronomical observation, compressibility cannot be ignored for considering fluid motion in their interiors. Investigation of effects of compressibility on convection in rotating spherical shells would contribute to the basic knowledge of fluid motions in the interiors of these many celestial bodies.

Based on the consideration described above, we are now developing a numerical model of an anelastic fluid in rotating spherical shells in order to assess effects of compressibility on convective motions. On the development of the model, we extended our numerical model of Boussinesq convection in rotating spherical shells developed so far to the anelastic system. We described mass flux with poloidal and toroidal potentials instead of velocity field in the case of Boussinesq fluid. This procedure enables us to extend our Boussinesq model constructed so far to the anelastic case in a natural way.

In the presentation, results of some numerical experiments using our newly developed model will be shown, and future plan is also discussed.

Keywords: Convection in rotating spherical shells, Compressible convection, Anelastic equations