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MIS22-07

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## 古生態学的証拠からみた地磁気逆転期の気候変動 Climate change during the geomagnetic polarity reversals: paleoecological evidence

北場 育子  $^{1*}$ , 兵頭政幸  $^1$ , 加藤茂弘  $^2$ , DETTMAN, David L.  $^3$ , 佐藤裕司  $^4$  Ikuko Kitaba  $^{1*}$ , HYODO, Masayuki  $^1$ , KATOH, Shigehiro  $^2$ , DETTMAN, David L.  $^3$ , SATO, Hiroshi  $^4$ 

 $^1$  神戸大学 内海域環境教育研究センター,  $^2$  人と自然の博物館,  $^3$  アリゾナ大学,  $^4$  兵庫県立大学

Observed correlation between galactic cosmic ray (CR) flux and cloud cover suggests that variations in geomagnetic field intensity could change climate through modulation of CR flux. This hypothesis has never been tested using robust geological evidence. Here we present a new record of climate cooling that coincided with a large decrease in field intensity during the Matuyama-Brunhes and Lower Jaramillo geomagnetic polarity reversals. The cooling event cannot be attributed to orbital forcing because it occurred across an interglacial sea-level highstand. The geomagnetic field intensity seems to influence global climate through the modulation of CR flux at variable timescales. The effect can be observed in multiple climatic parameters.

## キーワード: 寒冷化, 地磁気逆転, 宇宙線, 古気候, 古海洋, 古地磁気

Keywords: cooling, geomagnetic reversal, cosmic ray, paleoclimate, paleoceanography, paleomagnetism

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>KURCIS, <sup>2</sup>Museum of Nature and Human Activities, <sup>3</sup>University of Arizona, <sup>4</sup>University of Hyogo