

## Thermospheric vertical wind and temperature observed by a Fabry-Perot imager

Kousuke Nakazaki<sup>1\*</sup>, Makoto Taguchi<sup>1</sup>, Yasunobu Ogawa<sup>2</sup>, Hidehiko Suzuki<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Rikkyo University, <sup>2</sup>National Institute of Polar Research

Vertical wind and temperature in the mesopause and lower thermosphere were measured with a Fabry-Perot Imager (FPI) at Tachikawa, Tokyo. The FPI observed the OI 557.7 nm and OI 630.0 nm airglow. An all-sky camera (ASC) simultaneously observed OI 557.7 nm airglow. The data were obtained in the night of January 18/19, 2013, and reveal atmospheric gravity waves with periods of ~1 hour and vertical wind amplitudes of up to ~7 m/s. These values and the values obtained in the night of December 22/23, 2011 are consistent with past studies [cf. Mitchell and Howells, 1998] and the Cospar International Reference Atmosphere (CIRA-86). The FPI will be used in observations of slight perturbations in vertical wind and temperature due to gravity waves or local energy input in the auroral zone.

Keywords: lower thermosphere, mesopause, atmospheric gravity wave, Fabry-Perot imager