Results of Ar-Ar dating for basaltic rocks from Bowers Ridge, Bering Sea at site U1342A&D

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Basement rocks were drilled down to ca. 42 m into the volcanic sequence directly underneath the sedimentary section at Site U1342 on Bowers Ridge during the IODP Expedition 323 to the Bering Sea. This provided us an opportunity to describe the details of the sequence and to decipher the virtually unknown origin and evolution of the Bowers arc massif. There are two contrasting hypotheses for the origin of the arc, which include formation in the Pacific Basin well to the south of its present location during the Cretaceous and in-situ formation within the Bering Sea in Eocene.

The volcanic sequence recovered from Site U1342D was divided into six major lithological units: Unit 1, vesiculated andesitic lava flow; Unit 2, interbedded volcanic sandstones and polymict volcanic conglomerates; Unit 3: monomict volcanic conglomerates; Unit 4, interbedded volcanic sandstones and polymict volcanic conglomerates; Unit 5, monomict volcanic conglomerates; and Unit 6, polymict volcanic conglomerates. Units 3 and 4 represent hydroclastic volcanioclastics, while units 2, 4, and 6 are epiclastic volcanioclastics (Kawabata et al., 2011). We used the single grain 40Ar-39Ar dating method by step-wise laser fusion for Unit 1 basaltic andesite rocks. We distinguish for the first time two stage (age groups) of activity (34-32Ma and 28-26Ma) from our Ar-Ar data, coupled with those from Wanke et al., (2012).

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