

ScienceBook: A Knowledge Network ScienceBook: A Knowledge Network

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Worldwide standardisation, and interoperability initiatives such as GBIF, Open Access and GEOSS (to name but three of many) have led to the emergence of interlinked and overlapping meta-data repositories containing, potentially, tens of millions of entries collectively. This forms the backbone of an emerging global scientific data infrastructure that is both driven by changes in the way we work, and opens up new possibilities in management, research, and collaboration.

Several initiatives are concentrated on building a generalised, shared, easily available, and indefinitely preserved scientific data infrastructure to aid future scientific work ? with WDS as one of these.

This paper deals with the parallel aspect of the meta-data that will be used to support a global 'Knowledge Network'. There are obvious practical issues (semantic interoperability and speed of discovery amongst others), but we are here more concerned with some of the less obvious conceptual questions and opportunities:

1. Can we use meta-data to assess, identify, and reduce duplication of meta-data?
2. Can we use it to reduce overlaps of mandates in data portals, research collaborations, and networks?
3. What possibilities exist for mining the relationships that exist implicitly in very large meta-data collections?
4. Is it possible to define an explicit 'scientific data infrastructure' as a complex, multi-relational graph database, that can become self-maintaining and self-organising in true Web 2.0 and 'social networking' fashion?

The paper provides a blueprint for an approach to massive meta-data collections, its encoding, and how this can be processed using established analysis techniques to answer the questions posed. It assesses the practical implications of working with standard meta-data in a data mining context, and makes recommendations in respect of extension to support self-organising, semantically oriented 'networks of networks'. It concludes with the efforts underway by the Scientific Committee of the World Data System to implement such a Knowledge Network in support of its membership and stakeholders.

"ScienceBook" – A Knowledge Network

- *Mining formal meta-data for explicit and implied relationships to create a multi-weighted graph database.*
- *Augmenting the network through continuous web crawling, social network contributions, and page scraping.*
- *Providing embeddable querying and visualisation services and components.*
- *Applying network analysis and optimisation algorithms to questions of clustering, indexing, minimisation, and optimisation.*
- *Apply results as a navigable, searchable meta-repository: "ScienceBook".*