Japan Geoscience Union Meeting 2013

(May 19-24 2013 at Makuhari, Chiba, Japan)

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AHW27-02 Room:102A Time:May 22 09:24-09:39

A preliminary study on origins of sulfate ion in shallow groundwater in the highly-urbanized Musashino Plateau, Tokyo, J

Masaya Yasuhara^{1*}, Takeshi Hayashi², Takashi Nakamura³, Akihiko Inamura¹, Kazuyoshi Asai⁴

Sulfate concentration of shallow groundwater in the highly-urbanized Musashino Plateau, Tokyo, Japan shows high spatial variability in the range between 7-135 mg/L. In addition, the long-term change in sulfate concentration over the past 75 years proved to be different from those of chloride and nitrate-N & nitrite-N concentrations. To discuss possible origins of sulfate ion in groundwater, a sulfur isotope study was carried out on the basis of seven water samples in October 2012. Although a limited number of samples, sulfur isotope measurements (+2.3 to 6.2 per mil delta-34S) suggest contribution of chemical fertilizers once used in field cropping and/or leaking sewage from aging, deteriorated sewer pipes, accounting for high sulfate concentration in shallow groundwater in the Musashino Plateau.

Keywords: Musashino Plateau, urban shallow groundwater, groundwater chemistry, sulfate ion, origins of sulfur, sulfur isotope

¹Geological Survey of Japan, AIST, ²Akita University, ³Yamanashi University, ⁴Geo-science Laboratry Inc.