## Japan Geoscience Union Meeting 2013

(May 19-24 2013 at Makuhari, Chiba, Japan)

©2013. Japan Geoscience Union. All Rights Reserved.



BPT27-P05

会場:コンベンションホール

時間:5月19日18:15-19:30

パンサラサ海中央部の海山起源ペルム紀石灰岩の岩相・生・C-Sr 同位体層序 Litho-, bio-, and C, Sr isotope stratigraphy of the Middle Permian mid-Panthalassan paleo-atoll carbonates

西田 昴広 <sup>1\*</sup>, 磯崎 行雄 <sup>1</sup>, 可児 智美 <sup>2</sup>, 鈴木 淳 <sup>3</sup>, 石村 豊穂 <sup>3</sup> Takahiro Nishida<sup>1\*</sup>, Yukio Isozaki<sup>1</sup>, Tomomi Kani<sup>2</sup>, Atsushi Suzuki<sup>3</sup>, Toyoho Ishimura<sup>3</sup>

The Wordian-Capitanian (Middle-Upper Guadalupian, Permian) Iwato Formation in East Kyushu is composed of shallow marine carbonates in an accreted paleo-atoll complex primarily developed on a paleo-seamount in the low-latitude doamin (12 degree S) of mid-Panthalassa. By analyzing the Wordian interval, we could newly reconstruct a continuous C-isotope profile of the upper half of Guadalupian, and discuss the environmental changes in the low-latitude mid-superocean. We confirmed that the high C isotope interval (> 5 permil) had started already in the Wordian. The onset of the Kamura cooling event likely started much earlier than previously believed, and affected the diversity of the Guadalupian biota.

キーワード: ペルム紀, 岩戸層, 古海山, パンサラサ海, 上村事件, フズリナ

Keywords: Permian, Iwato Formation, paleo-seamount, Panthalassa, Kamura event, fusuline

<sup>1</sup> 東京大学大学院総合文化研究科, 2 熊本大学理学部, 3 産総研 地質情報研究部門

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Department of Earth Science & Astronomy, The University of Tokyo, <sup>2</sup>Faculty of Science, Kumamoto University, <sup>3</sup>AIST Geological Survey of Japan