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ACG07-09

会場:201B



時間:5月27日11:45-12:00

阿武隈川河口部堆積土砂中の放射性物質濃度の特徴 CHARACTERISATION OF RADIOCESIUM IN SEDIMENT OF THE SENDAI BAY OFF THE ABUKUMA RIVER DELTA

山敷 庸亮 ^{1*}; Pratama Mochamad Adhiraga²; 山崎 秀夫 ³; 石田 真展 ³; 丹羽 淑博 ⁴ YAMASHIKI, Yosuke^{1*}; PRATAMA, Mochamad adhiraga²; YAMAZAKI, Hideo³; ISHIDA, Masanobu³; NIWA, Yoshihiro⁴

¹ 京都大学大学院総合生存学館,² 京都大学大学院工学研究科,³ 近畿大学,⁴ 東京大学大学院理学研究科 ¹GSAIS Kyoto University, ²GSE Kyoto University, ³Kinki University, ⁴GSS The University of Tokyo

Seasonal variation of radiocaesium concentration in the bottom sediment near Abukuma River mouth were observed in order to verify the potential impact of high radiocaesium flux from Abukuma River into the Pacific Ocean. Based on the hydrodynamic parameter obtained in the bay, complex estuary circulation were affecting contaminated suspended material along the shoreline, indicating that contaminated bottom sediment are always in the motion both affected by the river flow and estuary circulation. According to the numerical estimation of radiocaesium flux from Abukuma river basin, it was indicated that the highest concentration of bottom sediment may occur just after the heavy rainy season, whereas during dry season concentration of the bottom sediment might be reduced. Our seasonal observation showed that highest concentrations were observed in September, when the precipitation and thus total road from Abukuma river basin was highest in 2013, where observation in the dry season showed lower concentration of radiocaesium flux of inflowing river basin affected direct fallout from FDNPP.

キーワード: 阿武隈川, セシウム, 底泥 Keywords: Abukuma River, Radiocaesium, Bottom Sediment