

Electron-phonon contribution to electrical resistivity of hcp Fe

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Determination of electron transport property of the Earth's core is a key to understanding its thermal property. Electrical resistivity (ρ) of a solid metal comprises electron-phonon and electron-electron scattering mechanisms. Two recent first-principles studies however show a significant difference in the electron-phonon contribution ($\rho_{\text{el-ph}}$) of hcp Fe (M. Pozzo, C. Davies, D. Gubbins, and D. Alfe, *Nature*, 485, 355, 2012; P. Zhang, R. E. Cohen, and K. Haule, *Nature*, 517, 605, 2015). While Pozzo *et al.* reported $\rho_{\text{el-ph}}$ smaller than the conventional estimates (e.g. F. D. Stacey and O. L. Anderson, *Phys. Earth Planet Int.*, 124, 153, 2001), Zhang *et al.* showed approximately two times larger $\rho_{\text{el-ph}}$ than Pozzo *et al.*'s and closer to the conventional values. To aim for verifying these previous studies, we develop a technique to compute electron-phonon interaction and $\rho_{\text{el-ph}}$ of metals based on the density-functional perturbation theory. In this talk, in addition to our technical advantage, preliminary results on the electrical resistivity of hcp Fe under high- P, T condition are presented.

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