Study on spectral decay characteristics in high frequency range using parameter $\kappa\text{-}$ For crustal earthquakes -

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Spectral decay parameters kand $f_{\rm E}$ due to crustal earthquakes are estimated in this study. In high frequency range spectra of S-wave accelerations are generally characterized by a trend of exponential decay, $e^{-\pi f \kappa}$ ($f > f_{\rm E}$), while they are modeled with $f_{\rm max}$ filter in Japanese applications. The k's of the three large earthquakes are estimated in the range 0.0142 and 0.0277 and $f_{\rm E}$'s are estimated in the range 2Hz and 5Hz for the mainshocks of the 2003 Miyagi-ken Hokubu earthquake, the 2005 Fukuoka-Ken Seiho-oki earthquake, and the 2008 Iwate Miyagi Nairiku earthquake. The relationship between kand the power coefficient of $f_{\rm max}$ filter, s, and the relationship between $f_{\rm E}$ and $f_{\rm max}$ are evaluated from the results. Moreover, hypocentral distance dependency of kis confirmed as demonstrated by previous studies.

Keywords: Spectral decay characteristics, Kappa, fmax filter, Crustal earthquakes